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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/070,338	12/12/2002	Mansour J. Karam	24717-718	2450
28960 7590 07/03/2007 HAVERSTOCK & OWENS LLP 162 N WOLFE ROAD SUNNYVALE, CA 94086			EXAMINER BENGZON, GREG C	
			ART UNIT 2144	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 07/03/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/070,338	KARAM ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Greg Bengzon	2144	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 April 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-49 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-49 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>04/23/2007, 04/02/2007</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

This application has been examined. Claims 1-49 are pending. Claims 48 and 49 are newly submitted claims.

Making Final

Applicant's arguments filed 04/05/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The claim amendments regarding -- '*generated to have a common format*'-- do not overcome the disclosure by the prior art as applied in the prior Office Action, as shown below.

Furthermore the new claims 48-49 present new limitations that necessitate new grounds for rejection.

The Examiner is maintaining the rejection(s) for Claims 1-47 using the same grounds for rejection and thus making this action FINAL.

Priority

This application claims benefits of priority from Provisional Application 60/241450 filed October 17, 2000.

The effective date of the claims described in this application is October 17, 2000.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statements (IDS) submitted on 04/02/2007, 04/23/2007 are in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statements are being considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1,4,5, 17-21,24,27,28, 40-44,48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Juttner (US Patent 7020086).

Juttner disclosed (re. Claim 1) a network path, including a first segment and a second segment (Juttner-Column 3 Lines 5-15)

accessing a first metric and a second metric generated to have a common format (Juttner-Column 2 Lines 40-45, Column 11 Lines 40-45) , wherein the first metric and the second metric are at least in part quality characterizations of a same plurality of one or more network applications (Juttner-Column 1 Lines 40-45), the quality characterization characterizes a quality of the same plurality of one or more network applications running at one or more segment end-points (Juttner-Column 2 Lines 1-5), the first metric and the second metric are at least partly a function of a same plurality of one or more elementary network parameters (Juttner-Column 2 Lines 40-45, Column 11 Lines 40-45), the plurality of one or more network parameters include one or more of delay (Juttner-Column 2 Lines 40-45, Column 11 Lines 40-45), jitter, loss, currently available bandwidth, and intrinsic bandwidth, the first metric is at least partly the function of the same plurality of elementary network parameters of the first segment (Juttner-Column 2 Lines 40-45, Column 11 Lines 40-45) , the one or more segment end points include one or more endpoints of the first segment, the second metric (Juttner-Column 2 Lines 40-45, Column 11 Lines 40-45) is at least partly the function of the same plurality of elementary network parameters (Juttner-Column 2 Lines 40-45, Column 11 Lines 40-45) of the second segment, and the one or more segment end points include one or more endpoints of the second segment; and

adding the first metric and the second metric to generate a third metric (Juttner-Column 3 Lines 10-15, Column 11 Lines 30-45), wherein the third metric is at least partly the function of the same plurality of one or more elementary network parameters of the

Art Unit: 2144

network path, the one or more segment end points include one or more endpoints of the network path, and

the third metric is a quality characterization of the same plurality of one or more applications.

Claim 24 is rejected on the same basis as Claim 1.

Juttner disclosed (re. Claim 4,27) wherein at least one of the plurality of one or more network parameters is dynamic.(Juttner-Column 2 Lines 1-5, Juttner-Column 3 Lines 10-15) The Examiner notes delay and jitter are dynamic parameters.

Juttner disclosed (re. Claim 5,28) wherein at least one of the plurality of one or more network parameters is static. (Juttner-Column 2 Lines 1-5, Juttner-Column 3 Lines 10-15) The Examiner notes that the hop count is static.

Juttner disclosed (re. Claim 17,40) a delay parameter. (Juttner-Column 2 Lines 1-5, Juttner-Column 3 Lines 10-15)

Juttner disclosed (re. Claim 18,41) wherein the plurality of one or more network parameters include jitter (Juttner-Column 3 Lines 30-40) ; (re. Claim 19,42) wherein the plurality of one or more network parameters include loss (Juttner-Column 3 Lines 30-

Art Unit: 2144

40); (re. Claim 20,43) wherein the plurality of one or more network parameters include currently available bandwidth (Juttner-Column 5 Lines 65) ; (re. Claim 21,44) wherein the plurality of one or more network parameters include intrinsic bandwidth (Juttner-Column 5 Lines 65);

Juttner disclosed (re. Claim 48) wherein the function of the same plurality of one or more elementary network parameters is a combination of multiple component functions, (Juttner-Column 2 Lines 40-45, Column 11 Lines 40-45), wherein each of the multiple component functions is tailored to measure a performance characteristic of a corresponding one of the one or more elementary network parameters.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 2144

Claims 2,3,6-16,25,26,29-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Juttner (US Patent 7020086) in view of Hultgren (US Patent 6134589).

While Juttner substantially described the invention, Juttner did not disclose (re. Claim 2,25) prior to accessing the first or the second metric, generating at least one of the first metric and the second metric (Juttner-Column 2 Lines 1-5, Juttner-Column 3 Lines 10-15)

Hultgren disclosed (re. Claim 2,25) prior to accessing the first or the second metric, generating at least one of the first metric and the second metric (Hultgren-Column 13 Lines 30-65)

Juttner and Hultgren are analogous art because they disclose concepts and practices regarding determining path quality using linear equations. Accordingly, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the networking art to combine the teachings of Hultgren into Juttner. The motivation for said combination would have been, (Hultgren-Column 1 Lines 60-65), to determine an acceptable sequence of links for UDP, TCP, and HTTP applications.

Art Unit: 2144

Juttner-Hultgren disclosed (re. Claim 3,26) prior to accessing the first or the second metric, receiving at least one of the first metric and the second metric.

(Hultgren-Column 13 Lines 30-65)

Juttner did not disclose (re. Claim 6,7,11,29,30,34) UDP and TCP applications [where the UDP applications involve voice applications and TCP applications involve data transfer applications.]

Juttner did not disclose (re. Claim 12,13,14,35,36,37) HTTP, HTTP/1.0, and HTTP/1.1 applications [where HTTP applications include data transfer applications.]

Hultgren disclosed (re. Claim 6,7,11,29,30,34) UDP and TCP applications [where the UDP applications involve voice applications and TCP applications involve data transfer applications.] (Hultgren-Column 6 Lines 35-45)

Juttner and Hultgren are analogous art because they disclose concepts and practices regarding determining path quality using linear equations. Accordingly, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the networking art to combine the teachings of Hultgren into Juttner. The motivation for said combination would have been, (Hultgren-Column 1 Lines 60-65), to determine an acceptable sequence of links for UDP, TCP, and HTTP applications.

Art Unit: 2144

Hultgren disclosed (re. Claim 12,13,14,35,36,37) HTTP, HTTP/1.0, and HTTP/1.1 applications [where HTTP applications include data transfer applications.] (Hultgren-Column 6 Lines 35-45)

Juttner and Hultgren are analogous art because they disclose concepts and practices regarding determining path quality using linear equations. Accordingly, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the networking art to combine the teachings of Hultgren into Juttner. The motivation for said combination would have been, (Hultgren-Column 1 Lines 60-65), to determine an acceptable sequence of links for UDP, TCP, and HTTP applications.

Juttner-Hultgren disclosed (re. Claim 8,9,10,31,32,33) network applications including voice, video, and video conferencing; (Juttner-Column 1 Lines 40-50);

Juttner-Hultgren disclosed (re. Claims 15,38) ftp applications (Juttner-Column 1 Lines 40-50);

Juttner-Hultgren disclosed (re. Claim 16,39) telnet applications (Juttner-Column 1 Lines 40-50).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 22-23, 45-46, 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Juttner (US Patent 7020086) in view of Saleh (US Patent 7002917).

Juttner did not disclose (re. Claim 22,45) wherein the metric includes non-performance related characteristics; (re. Claim 23,46) wherein the non-performance related characteristics includes pre-specified route preferences.

Saleh disclosed (re. Claim 22,45) wherein the metric includes non-performance related characteristics (Saleh-Column 5 Lines 25-30, Column 33 Lines 35-40); (re. Claim 23,46) wherein the non-performance related characteristics includes pre-specified route preferences. (Saleh-Column 5 Lines 25-30, Column 33 Lines 35-40)

Juttner and Saleh are analogous art because they present concepts and practices regarding path characterization measurements. Accordingly, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the networking art to combine the teachings of Saleh and Juttner. The motivation for said combination would have been, as Saleh suggests (Saleh-Column 2 Lines 15-20), to implement a fast, efficient method for the most preferable path.

While Juttner disclosed (re. Claim 47) first, second, and third metric, Juttner did not disclose (re. Claim 47) a plurality of one or more inputs adapted to be coupled to the network path; and a plurality of one or more outputs coupled to the plurality of one or more inputs, wherein responsive to a plurality of one or more packets arriving to the network device through the plurality of one or more inputs, the network device selects at least one output from the plurality of one or more outputs, and the at least one output is determined at least partly using at least one of the first metric, second metric, and third metric.

Saleh disclosed (re. Claim 47) a path matrix configuration (Saleh-Column 23 Lines 1-5) and adding the metric from each segment (corresponding to first metric, second metric, and third metric) (Column 33 Lines 35-40) in order to select the desired path (Column 32 Lines 50-55).

Juttner and Saleh are analogous art because they present concepts and practices regarding path characterization measurements. Accordingly, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the networking art to combine the teachings of Saleh and Juttner. The motivation for said combination would have been, as Saleh suggests (Saleh-Column 2 Lines 15-20), to implement a fast, efficient method for the most preferable path.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Juttner (US Patent 7020086) in view of Hardy (US Patent 7085230).

While Juttner substantially disclosed the claimed invention Juttner did not disclose (re. Claim 49) wherein the first metric and the second metric are both derived from mean opinion scores.

Hardy disclosed disclose (re. Claim 49) wherein the first metric and the second metric are both derived from mean opinion scores. (Hardy-Figure 2, Column 4 Lines 40-45)

Juttner and Hardy are analogous art because they present concepts and practices regarding performance metrics for network analysis. At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine Hardy into Juttner. The motivation for said combination would have been to enable taking into account multiple added impairments, apportioning the influences of each added impairment toward the composite quality requirements. (Hardy-Column 4 Lines 5-10)

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 09/29/2006 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

The Applicant presents the following argument(s) *[in italics]*:

'[In Juttner] Each constraint $d(x)$ is a function that describes a constraint on a cost, not a characteristic of a network application. Each constraint $d(x)$ is for the entire path x , not for a segment of a path. The component terms are not used to add metrics as recited in the claims of the present invention.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant. Juttner disclosed (Column 11 Lines 40-45) that each constraint $d(x)$ may be representing different types of constraints such as delay, packet loss, jitter or phase shift. Thus Juttner disclosed metrics representing characteristics of a network application.

The Applicant presents the following argument(s) *[in italics]*:

'[In Juttner] Each constraint $d(x)$ is for the entire path x , not for a segment of a path. The component terms are not used to add metrics as recited in the claims of the present invention.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant. Juttner Column 1 Lines 60-65 disclosed that each path consists of a set of links. Juttner Column 3 Lines 10-15 disclosed adding the delay for each link to the running total for all links in the path. Thus while Juttner disclosed an embodiment where the constraints are added for a path, Juttner also disclosed adding constraints for a segment of a path.

The Applicant presents the following argument(s) *[in italics]*:

'[In Juttner] The component terms are not used to add metrics as recited in the claims of the present invention.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant. Juttner Column 11 Lines 45-50 disclosed a function for a sum of k number of constraints. Thus Juttner disclosed adding metrics as recited in the claims.

The Applicant presents the following argument(s) *[in italics]*:

Juttner does not disclose generating metrics to have a common format so that they can be added or otherwise combined.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant. Juttner Column 11 Lines 45-50 disclosed a formula comprising a sum of k number of constraints, said constraints representing different types of constraints such as delay, packet loss, jitter or phase shift. The Examiner notes that it would have been inherent in the formula for the constraints to have a common format (unit less) in order to be applied.

The Applicant seems to be differentiating the claimed invention as a mathematical formula as shown in Applicant Specification Page 8 Line 24. The Examiner notes that the said formula follows the basic algebra rules for operating on exponential identities, such as described by the following : $x^a x^b = x^{(a+b)}$.

Conclusion

Examiner's Note: Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings of the art and are applied to specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant in preparing responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the Examiner.

In the case of amending the claimed invention, Applicant is respectfully requested to indicate the portion(s) of the specification which dictate(s) the structure relied on for proper interpretation and also to verify and ascertain the metes and bounds of the claimed invention.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

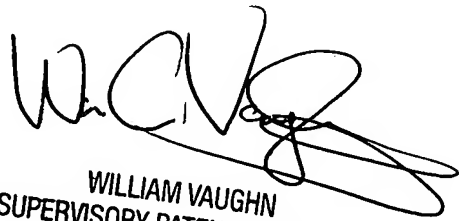
A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Greg Bengzon whose telephone number is (571) 272-3944. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. thru Fri. 8 AM - 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Vaughn can be reached on (571)272-3922. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

gcb


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